

Canada's Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA)

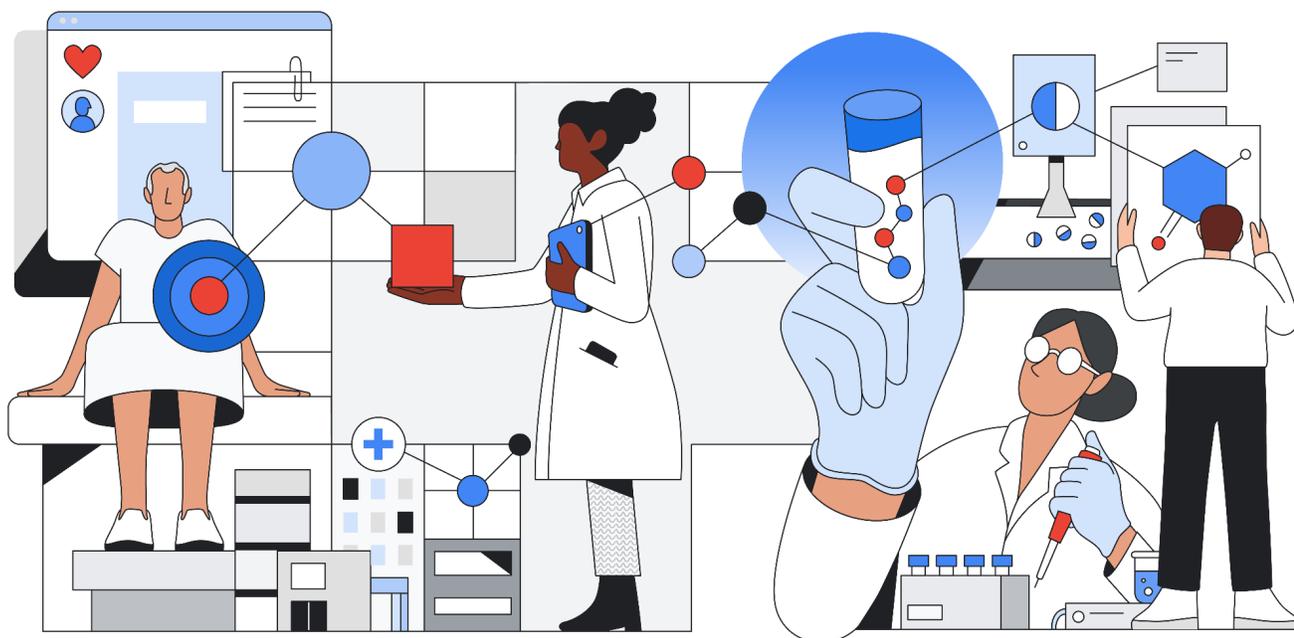


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Disclaimer

This whitepaper applies to Google Cloud products described at cloud.google.com. The content contained herein is correct as of October 2023 and represents the status quo as of the time it was written. Google's security policies and systems may change going forward, as we continually improve protection for our customers.

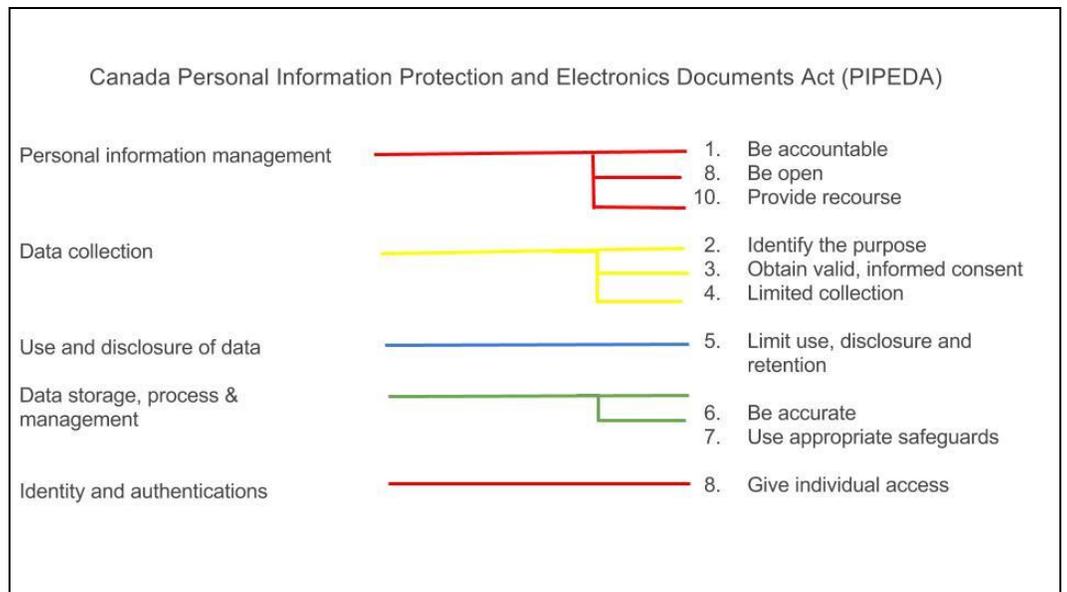
Introduction

At Google Cloud, privacy plays a critical role in the development and operation of our products and services. We've set a high bar for what it means to host, serve, and protect customer data by centering security and data protection at the core of how we design and build our products. We start from the fundamental premise that as a Google Cloud customer, you¹ own your customer data. We implement stringent security measures to help safeguard your customer data and provide you with tools and features to help control it on your terms.

This whitepaper provides information to our customers about the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA) and how Google Cloud uses Google’s industry-leading data privacy and security capabilities to help store, process, maintain, and secure customer data². We are committed to partnering with our customers so they can deploy workloads using Google Cloud services and Google Workspace for their productivity needs in a manner that aligns with the PIPEDA requirements. We describe our data protection features and outline how they map to its requirements. However, please note that, as a provider of cloud services, we are not in a position to provide you with legal advice - that is something only your legal counsel can provide.

Overview of the Personal Information and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA)

The Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA) is the Canadian federal privacy law for private-sector organizations to regulate the way private-sector organizations handle personal information in a commercial activity. There are 10 PIPEDA Principles.



These PIPEDA Principles give individuals the right to know why their personal information is being collected, how their personal information will be used, and to whom their personal information will be disclosed and to have the ability to ask for access to, or correction of, their personal information. More details on the PIPEDA

¹ In this whitepaper, “you/your” refers to Google Cloud and Google Workspace customers as well as Google Cloud partners. Unless indicated otherwise, references to “customers” will include Google Cloud partners and references to “customer data” will include Google Cloud partner data.

² In this whitepaper “customer data” and “your data” refers to the customer data we process according to your Google Cloud agreement(s).

principles can be found on the Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada [website](#). Customers of cloud computing providers are responsible for ensuring they comply with their obligations under PIPEDA.

Google Cloud data protection overview & the Shared Fate Model

Google Cloud's robust security and privacy controls can give customers the confidence to utilize Google Cloud services and Google Workspace in a manner aligned with the requirements of PIPEDA. Moreover, we are constantly working to expand our privacy and security capabilities. To help customers with compliance and reporting, Google shares information and best practices, and provides easy access to documentation. In this section, we describe our comprehensive data protection and privacy capabilities and our robust data security features most relevant to the PDPA. We then explain how we share security and compliance responsibilities according to the Shared Fate Model.

Google Cloud's approach to security and data protection

Google's focus on security and protection of information is among our primary design criteria. Security is at the core of everything we do; it is embedded in our culture and our architecture, and we focus on improving it every day. In this section, we provide an overview of the organizational and technical controls we use to protect your data. To learn more about our approach to security and compliance, refer to the [Google security whitepaper](#) for Google Cloud services and the [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#).

Topics

Google Cloud's approach to data protection and privacy

- Data privacy trust principles
- Dedicated privacy team
- Data access and customer control
- Restricted access to customer data
- Law enforcement data requests

Google Cloud's approach to data security

- Strong security culture
- Security team
- Trusted infrastructure
- Infrastructure redundancy

State-of-the-art data center security

Data encryption

Cloud-native technology

The Shared Responsibility Model

Google Cloud's approach to data protection and privacy

Data protection and privacy are fundamental to Google. We design our products and services from the start with privacy and trust as guiding principles. Google Cloud works to help ensure the protection and privacy of customers' data in three ways: 1) we provide superior data protection through a secure core infrastructure that is designed, built, and operated to help prevent threats; 2) we give customers robust security controls to help them meet policy, regulatory, and business objectives; and 3) we work to fulfill our compliance responsibilities and to make compliance easier for our customers.

Data protection and privacy trust principles

We want our customers to feel confident when using Google Cloud and Google Workspace products. We believe that trust is created through transparency, and we want to be open about our commitments and offerings to our customers when it comes to protecting their data in the cloud.

Our commitments to you about your data

Your data is critical to your business, and you take great care to keep it safe and under your control. We want you to feel confident that taking advantage of Google Workspace and Google Cloud services doesn't require you to compromise on security or control of your business's data.

At Google Cloud, we believe that trust is created through transparency, and we want to be transparent about our commitments and what you can expect when it comes to our shared responsibility for protecting and managing your data in the cloud.

When you use Google Workspace or Google Cloud services, you can:

1. **Know that your security comes first in everything we do.**

We promptly notify you if we detect a breach of security that compromises your data.

2. **Control what happens to your data.**

We process customer data according to your instructions. You can access it or take it out at any time.

3. **Know that customer data is not used for advertising.**

We do not process your customer data to create ads profiles or improve Google Ads products.

4. **Know where Google stores your data and rely on it being available when you need it.**

We publish the locations of our Google data centers; they are highly available, resilient, and secure.

5. **Depend on Google's independently-verified security practices.**

Our adherence to recognized international security and privacy standards is certified and validated by independent auditors – wherever your data is located in Google Cloud.

6. **Trust that we never give any government entity “backdoor” access to your data or to our servers storing your data.**

We reject government requests that are invalid, and we publish a transparency report for government requests.

To learn more about our commitments to safeguarding customer information, refer to the [Google Cloud Privacy page](#). See the [Cloud Data Processing Addendum](#) for Google Workspace and Google Cloud.

Dedicated privacy team

The Google privacy team operates separately from product development and security organizations, but participates in Google product launches by reviewing design documentation and performing code reviews to help ensure that privacy requirements are followed. They help release products that reflect strong privacy practices: transparent collection of user data, providing users and administrators with meaningful privacy configuration options, and continuing to be good stewards of information stored on our platform. To learn more about our privacy team, refer to the privacy team section of the [Google security whitepaper](#) for Google Cloud services and the [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#).

Data access and customer control

Google Cloud customers own their data, not Google. Google will only process customer data in accordance with contractual obligations. We also provide customers with solutions that allow granular control of resource permissions. For example, using Cloud Identity and Access Management, customers can map job functions to groups and roles so users only access the data they need to get the job done. Furthermore, customers may delete customer data from our systems or take it with them if they choose to stop using our services.

Restricted access to customer data

To keep data private and secure, Google logically isolates each customer's data from that of other customers and users, even when the data is stored on the same physical server. Only a small group of

Google employees has access to customer data pursuant to explicit reasons based on job function and role. Any additional access is granted according to stringent procedures and tracked through audit records which are available in near real-time via Access Transparency.

Google Cloud's approach to data security

In this section, we provide an overview of the organizational and technical controls that we use to protect your data at Google Cloud. Please refer to [Google security whitepaper](#), and [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#) for additional information on our security practices.

Strong security culture

Security is central to Google culture. It is reinforced in employee security training and company-wide events to raise awareness and drive innovation in security and privacy.

To learn more about our security culture, refer to the security culture sections in our [Google security whitepaper](#) and our [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#).

Security team

Google employs more than 850 security professionals, including some of the world's foremost experts. This team maintains the company's defense systems, develops security review processes, builds security infrastructure, implements Google's security policies, and actively scans for security threats. Our team also takes part in research and outreach activities to protect the wider community of Internet users, beyond just those who choose Google solutions. Our research papers are available to the public. As part of our outreach efforts, we have a team known as Project Zero that aims to prevent targeted attacks by reporting bugs to software vendors.

In addition, our security team works 24/7 to quickly detect and resolve potential security incidents. Our security incident management program is structured around industry best practices and tailored into our "Incident Management at Google (IMAG)" program, which is built around the unique aspects of Google and its infrastructure. We also test our incident response plans regularly, so that we always remain prepared.

To learn more, refer to the security team, vulnerability management, and monitoring sections in the [Google security whitepaper](#). In addition, refer to the security team, vulnerability management, and monitoring sections in the [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#).

Trusted infrastructure

We conceived, designed, and built Google Cloud to operate securely. Google is an innovator in hardware, software, network, and system management technologies. We custom design our servers, proprietary operating system, and geographically distributed data centers. Using "defense in depth" principles, we have created an IT infrastructure that is generally more secure and easier to manage than most other deployment options. Our infrastructure can provide secure deployment of services, secure storage of data with end user privacy safeguards, secure communications between services, secure and private communication with customers over the Internet, and safe operation by administrators. We maintain the security of this infrastructure in progressive layers, starting from the physical security of

our data centers, building with underlying security-designed hardware and software, continuing with secure service deployment, secure data storage, and secure internet communication, and finally, operating the infrastructure in a secure fashion.

To learn more, refer to the [Google Cloud Infrastructure Security Design Overview](#), as well as the [Cloud Data Processing Addendum](#), Appendix 2: Security Measures.

Infrastructure redundancy

Google's infrastructure components are designed to be highly redundant. This redundancy applies to server design and deployment, data storage, network and Internet connectivity, and the software services themselves. This "redundancy of everything" creates a robust solution that is not dependent on a single server, data center, or network connection. Our data centers are geographically distributed to minimize the effects of regional disruptions on global products, such as natural disasters and local outages. In the event of hardware, software, or network failure, platform services and control planes are capable of automatically changing configuration so that customers can continue to work without interruption. Our highly redundant infrastructure also helps customers protect themselves from data loss. Customers can create and deploy our cloud-based resources across multiple regions and zones, allowing them to build resilient and highly available systems. To learn more, refer to the low latency and highly available solution in the [Google security whitepaper](#) and the [Google Workspace Security whitepaper](#).

State-of-the-art data center security

Google data centers feature layers of physical security protections. We limit access to these data centers to only a very small fraction of employees and have multiple physical security controls to protect our data center floors such as biometric identification, metal detection, vehicle barriers, and custom-designed electronic access cards. We monitor our data centers 24/7/365 to detect and track intruders. Data centers are routinely patrolled by experienced security guards who have undergone rigorous background checks and training. To learn more, refer to our [Data Center Innovation](#) page.

Data encryption

Google encrypts data at rest and encrypts data in transit, by default. The type of encryption used depends on the OSI layer, the type of service, and the physical infrastructure component. By default, we encrypt and authenticate data in transit at one or more network layers when data moves outside physical boundaries not controlled by or on behalf of Google. To learn more, refer to the [Encryption in Transit in Google Cloud whitepaper](#).

Cloud-native technology

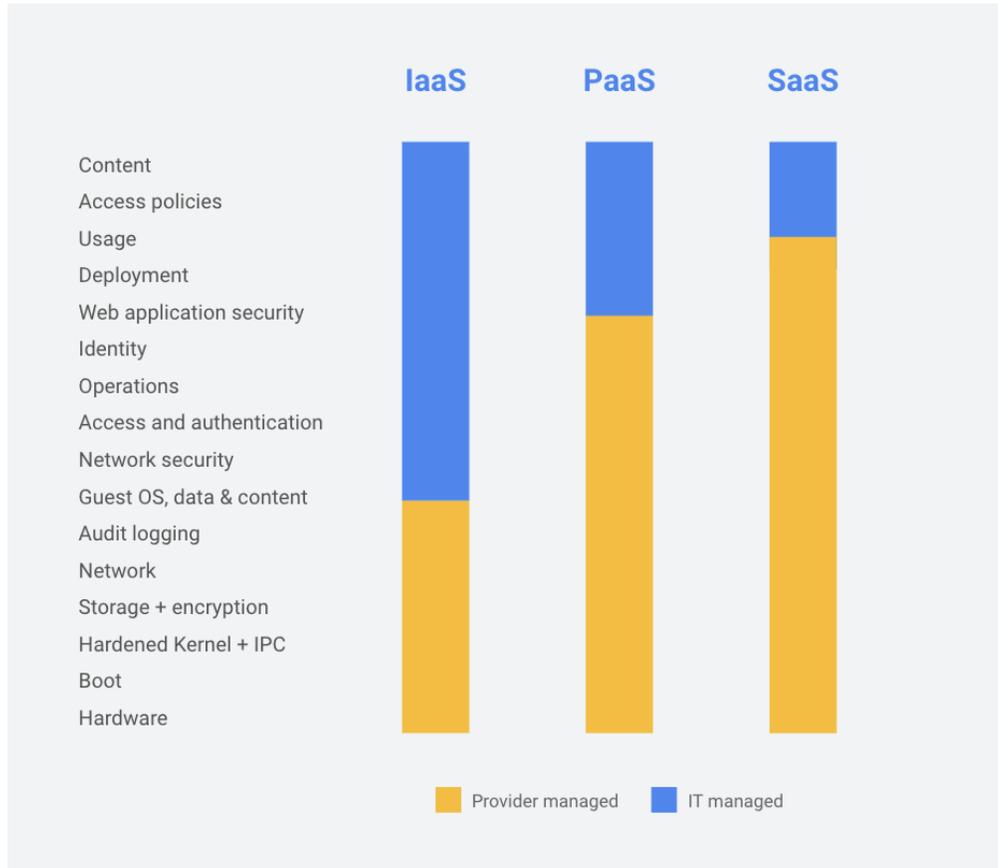
We continue to invest heavily in security, both in the design of new features and the development of cutting-edge tools so customers can more securely manage their environments. Some examples are the Cloud Security Command Center for Google Cloud and the Security Center for Google Workspace that bring actionable insights to security teams by providing security analytics and best practice recommendations from Google, and VPC Service Controls, which help to establish virtual security

perimeters for sensitive data. To learn more about our security technologies, refer to our [security products & capabilities](#) page.

The Shared Fate Model

Under a traditional Shared Responsibility Model, the cloud customer and its CSP share the responsibilities of managing the IT environment, including those related to security and compliance.

Understanding shared responsibility, however, can be challenging. The model requires an in-depth understanding of each service you utilize, the configuration options that each service provides, and what the cloud provider does to secure the service. Google believes that the shared responsibility model stops short of helping cloud customers achieve better security outcomes. Instead of shared responsibility, we believe in [shared fate](#).



Google Cloud’s role in the Shared Fate Model builds on the traditional shared responsibility. It includes us building and operating a trusted cloud platform for your workloads. We also provide best practice guidance and secured, attested infrastructure code that you can use to deploy your workloads in a secure way. We release solutions that combine various Google Cloud services to solve complex security problems and we offer innovative insurance options to help you measure and mitigate the risks that you must accept. Shared fate involves us more closely interacting with you as you secure your resources on Google Cloud.

How Google Cloud helps customers meet the requirements of PIPEDA

Regulatory themes/principles

Privacy regulations help define how you can obtain, process, store, and manage your users' data. Many privacy controls and compliance obligations are your responsibility because you own your data (including the data that you receive from your users). Google provides guidance, best practices and additional documentation to highlight the key privacy considerations that may impact Canadian organizations subject to PIPEDA.

We are committed to protecting our customers' data and providing the administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to help address challenges around privacy governance under PIPEDA; this commitment is demonstrated in the following ways:

Consent

Organizations are generally required to obtain meaningful consent for the collection, use and disclosure of personal information; Google Cloud provides functionality to help our customers request and obtain this consent as described below. For more information, please refer to the [Cloud Data Processing Addendum](#) and the [Google Cloud Platform Terms of Service](#).

- **Developer Tools**

Our customers can build web application(s) that acquire an end user's consent using offerings such as [Google Compute Engine](#), [Google App Engine](#), [Google Kubernetes Engine](#), and [Firebase](#).

- **Consent mechanisms**

Customers building applications on Google Cloud can build a dialog or settings toggle to offer individuals the opt-in to a service including the data collection that comes with it.

Limiting Use, Disclosure and Retention

Unless someone consents otherwise—or unless doing so is required by law— organizations may use or disclose personal information only for the identified purposes for which it was collected. Organizations should only keep personal information only as long as it is needed to serve those purposes.

Google gives you control to decide what information to put into the services and which services to use, how to use them, and for what purpose. Google commits to only access or use your data to provide the services ordered by you and in accordance with the contract terms. Google will not use your data for any other products or to serve advertising. Refer to the Data Usage section of the [Google Security whitepaper](#).

Safeguards

Organizations should protect all personal information in a way that is appropriate for how sensitive it is. This includes protecting all personal information (regardless of how it is stored) against loss, theft, or any unauthorized access, disclosure, copying, use or modification.

Google Cloud is committed to providing a secure platform for our customer's data, especially highly sensitive data such as personal health information. Our native security and data protection features recently earned us recognition as a [Leader for Public Cloud Platform Native Security by Forrester](#).

Customers can benefit from the security features inherent in the platform and available to them when building on Google Cloud services and Google Workspace. While we implement numerous protections for customer data, customers bear responsibility for meeting the legal requirements that apply to them, including the manner in which they configure and use Google Cloud products to collect, use, or disclose sensitive information.

Security of Google's Infrastructure

Google manages the security of our infrastructure (ie., the hardware, software, networking, and facilities that support the services) and provides detailed information to customers about our security practices at:

- Our [infrastructure security](#) page
- Our [security whitepaper](#)
- Our [cloud-native security whitepaper](#)
- Our [infrastructure security design overview](#) page
- Our [security resources](#) page
- Our [Cloud compliance](#) page

Security by Default

Reading and writing data to and from Google Cloud involves transferring data outside of Google Cloud's controllable boundaries. Depending on the connection, Google Cloud enables encryption in transit by default, encrypting requests before transmission and protecting the raw data using the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol. Google's Application Layer Transport Security is a mutual authentication and transport encryption system developed by Google and used for securing Remote Procedure Call (RPC) communications within Google's infrastructure. More information on the subject of encryption in transit to and from Google Cloud can be found in our paper on Application Layer Transport Security in Google Cloud.

Once data is transferred to Google Cloud to be stored, Google Cloud applies encryption at rest by default at the storage level using AES256. Google Cloud customers looking to gain more control over how data is encrypted at rest may use our Cloud Key Management Service (KMS) to generate, use, rotate, and destroy encryption keys according to their own policies. We refer to this process as customer-managed encryption keys (CMEK). With CMEK, customers can use keys that they manage to protect data within Google Cloud. Customers can protect data at rest in supported CMEK integration services, or by calling the Cloud Key Management Service API directly.

To gain even more control, Google Cloud customers can implement Cloud External Key Manager (Cloud EKM) for supported services. With Cloud EKM, Google Cloud customers are able to maintain possession of their encryption keys, or use an approved external key management partner, and to mandate key separation from data. It also allows customers to encrypt data at rest with keys that are stored and managed in third-party key management systems deployed outside of Google's infrastructure.

Security Products

Information on Google's security products is available on our [Cloud Security Products](#) page.

The below illustrative list of Google Cloud and Google Workspace services may be used to help with your storage and security requirements:

Access control

[2-Step Verification](#)

- 2-Step Verification puts an extra barrier between customer's business and cybercriminals who try to steal usernames and passwords to access business data. With 2-Step Verification, customer's users sign in to their account in two steps with something they know (their password) and something they have (their mobile phone with Google OTP installed)

[Identity and Access Management \(IAM\)](#)

- Identity and Access Management (IAM) can be used to assign roles and permissions to administrative groups, incorporating principles of least privilege and separation of duties.

[VPC Service Controls](#)

- VPC Service Controls allow customers to address threats such as data theft, accidental data loss, and excessive access to data stored in Google Cloud multi-tenant services. It enables clients to tightly control what entities can access what services in order to reduce both intentional and unintentional losses.
- VPC Service Controls delivers zero-trust style access to multi-tenant services. Clients can restrict access to authorized IPs, client context, and device parameters while connecting to multi-tenant services from the internet and other services. Examples include GKE, BigQuery, etc. It enables clients to keep their entire data processing pipeline private.

Access Log

[Cloud Logging](#)

- Cloud Logging is a fully managed service that allows you to store, search, analyze, monitor, and alert on logging data and events from Google Cloud and Amazon Web Services. You can collect logging data from over 150 common application components, on-premises systems, and hybrid cloud systems.

[Access Transparency](#)

- Access Transparency Maintain visibility of insider access to your data through near real-time logs from Access Transparency.

Protection from External Threats

[Cloud Security Command Center](#)

- Security Command Center is Google Cloud's centralized vulnerability and threat reporting service. Security Command Center helps you strengthen your security posture by evaluating your security and data attack surface; providing asset inventory and discovery; identifying misconfigurations, vulnerabilities, and threats; and helping you mitigate and remediate risks.

[Virtual Machine Threat Detection](#)

- Virtual Machine Threat Detection, a built-in service of Security Command Center Premium, provides threat detection through hypervisor-level instrumentation.

Monitoring

- The Google Cloud [Status Dashboard](#) provides status information on the services.
- The Google Workspace [Status Dashboard](#) provides status information on the services.
- [Google Cloud Operations](#) is an integrated monitoring, logging, and diagnostics hosted solution that helps you gain insight into your applications that run on Google Cloud, including availability and uptime of the services.
- [Admin Console Reports](#) allow you to examine potential security risks, measure user collaboration, track who signs in and when, analyze administrator activity, and much more.

Security Resources

Google also publishes guidance on:

- [Security best practices](#)
- [Security use cases](#)
- [Security blueprints](#)

Individual Access

Generally speaking, individuals have a right to access the personal information that an organization holds about them. They also have the right to challenge the accuracy and completeness of the information, and have that information amended as appropriate.

- **Data access and customer control**

When customers build on Google Cloud, they do not relinquish control of who has access to their organization's data. We process our customers' data in accordance with our contractual obligations and provide customers with solutions that allow granular control and give customers the ability to audit access. Our customers can use administrative consoles such as the [Cloud Console](#) for Google Cloud and [Admin Console](#) for Google Workspace to help access, search, correct, and remove any data they and their users host in Google Cloud. Our customers can also utilize our [Access Transparency](#) tool to audit cloud provider access(es) and thereby expand visibility and control over their content.

- **Data correction functionality**

Our customers have full control over their data in Google Cloud and can amend it at any time. Our customers can use the Google Cloud and Google Workspace administrative consoles and

services functionality to help access and rectify any data they and their users put into our systems. This functionality will help them fulfill their obligations to respond to requests from individuals to exercise their data correction rights under PIPEDA. To learn more, refer to our [Cloud Data Processing Addendum](#).

Regionalization/Data Residency

When moving to a cloud environment, organizations face the challenge of validating and controlling where their data resides. The importance of managing data residency is increasing as regulators push for more stringent requirements. Google Cloud services offer customers the ability to control where your data is stored via [Data Residency](#). Google will store that customer data at rest only in the selected Region/Multi-Region in accordance with our [Service Specific Terms](#).

To assist customers in enforcing these controls, Google Cloud offers [Organization Policy constraints](#) which can be applied at the organization, folder, or project level. You can limit the physical location of a new resource with the Organization Policy Service resource locations constraint

Privacy Assessment support

Organizations should employ administrative safeguards to uphold the security of personal information. To support your need to do [privacy assessments](#), we maintain and provide the following documentation: [ISO/IEC 27001](#), [ISO/IEC 27017](#), [ISO/IEC 27018](#), [ISO 27701](#) certifications; and [SOC 2](#) and [SOC 3](#) reports. We engaged an independent third party to conduct a [Privacy Impact Assessment \(PIA\) and Threat Risk Assessment \(TRA\)](#) of Google Cloud to ease the process, cost and resources of conducting your due diligence. You can review Google's current [certifications and audit reports](#) at any time. [Compliance reports manager](#) provides you with easy, on-demand access to these critical compliance resources.

Conclusion

At Google, we recognize that your data is yours only and guaranteeing the privacy of your data is key. The protection of your data is a primary design consideration for all our infrastructure, products and personnel operations. We believe that Google can offer a level of protection that very few public cloud providers or private enterprise IT teams can match. Because protecting data is core to Google's business, we can make extensive investments in security, resources, and expertise at a scale that others cannot. Our investment can free you to focus on your business and innovation.

Data protection and privacy is more than just security. Google's strong contractual commitments help make sure you maintain control over your data and how it is processed, including the assurance that your data is not used for advertising or any purpose other than to deliver Google Cloud services.

The information within this whitepaper should be used to help customers determine whether Google Cloud and Google Workspace products or services are suitable for them in light of the PIPEDA